Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question Number:	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
	an explanation linking:	allow reverse argument	(2) AO 3 2a AO 3 2b
	over the same time / in 300s, more work done / energy transferred in	power in session 1 = $\frac{45.2}{300}$ = 0.15 (kW) or 150(W)	
	session 1 than in session 2 (1)	allow statement that power = work / time	
		or power = <u>energy(transferred)</u> time for MP1	
	(therefore) more power (developed) in session 1 (1)	power in session 2 = $\frac{37.9}{300}$ = 0.13 (kW) or 126(W)	

Q2.

Question Number:	Answer	Mark
(i)	efficiency = <u>useful</u> (energy transferred by the device) (x100) total (energy supplied to the device)	(1) AO 1 1

Question Number:	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	determine useful energy (1) 7500 -3200 = 4300		(1) AO 2 1

Question Number:	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(iii)	substitution (1) efficiency = 4300	allow ECF from (i) and/ or (ii)	(2) AO 2 1
	7500	for 1 mark maximum	
	evaluation (1) 0.57	accept 57(.33)(%), 0.6, 60(%)	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Q3.

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(i)	20 (J)	200 – 180 (even if calculated value from this is incorrect)	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(ii)	(changed to) {thermal energy / heat}	dissipated (lost) to {surroundings / motor / air / atmosphere} sound / noise reject if kinetic, light or chemical is mentioned	(1)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
(iii)			award full marks for correct answer with no working	(2)
	180 × 100 200	(1)	<u>180</u> 200	
	90 (%)	(1)	0.9, 9/10	
			Or [100 – (20/200)]	
			% not needed but if a unit is given then maximum score is 1	

Q4.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
(i)	(In every second),	accept use of gear	(2)
	distance moved by chain around large	ratio seen or	
	gear = distance moved by chain around	implied e.g. 4:1 or	
	small gear	4/1 or 48:12 or	
	(1)	48/12 or converse	
		e.g. 1:4	
	2 x 48 = turns x 12		
	rearrangement and evaluation (1)		
	04.		
	8 (turns each second)		
		award full marks for	
		the correct answer	
		without working	

Question	Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	
(ii)	An explanation linking		(3)
	reduces friction/amount of thermal energy transferred (1)	(oil provides) lubrication	
	extra useful energy is available/less input energy is required (1)	less energy wasted	
	efficiency = useful energy transferred (by the bicycle) ÷ total energy supplied (to the		
	bicycle) (1)	allow for the last	
		two mark points;	
		less input energy is	
		required to produce	
		the same output for 2 marks	
		or	
		more output energy	
		is available for the same input energy	
		for 2 marks	

Q5.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(i)	recall (1) $(P =) \frac{E}{t}$	P = work done ÷ time P = $\frac{45}{0.6}$	(2)
	substitution and evaluation (1) (P=) 75 (W)		
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
(ii)	substitution into E = $\frac{1}{2}$ × k × x^2 (1) $45 = \frac{1}{2}$ × 140 × x^2	allow substitution and rearrangement in either order	(3)
	rearrangement (1)		
	$(x=)\sqrt{\frac{2\times45}{140}}$	$x^2 = (\frac{E}{0.5k} =)\frac{2 \times 45}{140}$	
		$x^2 = 0.64(28571)$	
	evaluation (1) 0.8(0) (m)	accept values that round to 0.80 e.g. 0.80178	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

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Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number:			
(i)	recall efficiency equation (1)		(4)
			AO 1 1
	useful output	power output	AO 2 1
	efficiency = definition of the	efficiency = $\frac{power output}{power input}$	
	input	power input	
	rearrangement (1)		
	output energy = 0.70 x 6500	4550 (kJ) seen scores 2	
		marks (from 0.7 x 6500 (kJ))	
		(8))	
	recall power equation (1)		
	power = energy	4550	
	time	60	
		accept ecf from output	
		energy	
	1 (4)		
	evaluation (1)		
	(power =) 76 (kW)	accept values that round	
	(100000)	up to 76 (kW) e.g. 75.8	
		' ' ' '	
		award full marks for	
		correct answer without	
		working	
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Question Number:	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
(ii)	an explanation linking:		(2) AO 1 1
	(useful) output energy is less than input energy (1)	input energy is greater than output energy	
		(only) 70% of the input energy is useful	
some energy is transferred to less useful forms (1)		energy is dissipated / wasted / lost (to surroundings)	
		energy is lost / transferred as thermal / heat	
		30% is lost /dissipated / wasted / lost for 2 marks	

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	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(i)	An explanation linking	Accept reverse argument ie	(2)
	• 60 % of {total/electrical/input/output}	40 % of {total/electrical/input/output} energy (is/transferred)	
	energy (is used/transferred)	energy (is/transferred)	
	(1)	into/lost as/thermal (heat)/waste energy	
	• into/is kinetic/useful energy (1)	energy	
	If no other marks scored accept: 60% (of the energy produced by the motor)		
711 \	is useful/40% is wasted for 1 mark		
(ii)	B energy		
			(1)
(iii)	substitution	Power of 10 error maximum of 1 mark	
	20 × 15 (1)		
		eg 300 000 (J) gains 1 mark	(2)
	evaluation		
	300 (J) (1)		
	If no other mark scored award 1 mark		
	for correct transposition ie $E=P \times t$		
		Give full marks for correct answer, no	
	Ignore any unit given by candidate	working	
(iv)	substitution 18 ÷ 24 (× 100) (1)	Power of 10 error maximum of 1 mark	(2)
	evaluation		
	0.75 or 75% (1)	give full marks for correct answer, no	
	Ignore any unit given by candidate	working	

Q8.

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
(a)	A transverse and electromagnetic		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(b)		award full marks for correct answer with no working	(3)
	Evaluation 171.5 (1)	34.3 x 5	
	Substitution (34.3/171.5) x 100 (1)	[34.3 /(34.3 x 5)] x 100 [34.3 /(34.3 x 5)] [34.3 /171.5]	
	Evaluation 20 (%) (1)	Allow 0.2 or 1/5 for 3 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(c)	rate_of {energy/heat} (from the Sun){absorbed/taken in} (1) equals rate of {energy/heat} {radiated/emitted/given out}(1)	Allow 'energy in = energy out' for 1 mark 'power in = power out' for 2 marks	(2)

Q9.

Question Number:	Answer	Mark	
·	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.		
	The indicative (example) content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.		
	 Indicative content Description of an experiment which will allow work done over a given time to be measured. E.g. running upstairs, step-ups, lifting weights Apparatus to be used, weighing scales, known weights ruler, stop clock Measurements to be made E.g. weight of person/weights lifted, vertical distance moved, time taken. Calculation of work done for each student using work done =force x distance moved in direction of force Calculation of power for each student using power=work done/time taken 		
	Comparison of powers by lifting same weights, in a constant time and comparing the distance moved		

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content
Level 1	1-2	 The plan attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
		 Analyses the scientific information but understanding and connections are flawed. An incomplete plan that provides limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3)
Level 2	3-4	The plan is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
		 Analyses the scientific information and provides some logical connections between scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures. A partially completed plan that synthesises mostly relevant understanding, but not entirely coherently. (AO3)
Level 3	5-6	 The plan is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
		 Analyses the scientific information and provide logical connections between scientific concepts throughout. A well-developed plan that synthesises relevant understanding coherently. (AO3)

Q10.

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(a)(i)	C - power		(1)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
(a)(ii)	energy	work	Must be in correct order	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
a(iii)	Substitution 50 x 4 (1)		
	Evaluation 200 (kg m/s) (1)	Allow full marks for correct answer with no working shown	(2)

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
a(iv)	Substitution 450 / 1.5	(1)		
	Evaluation 300 (N)	(1)	Allow full marks for correct answer with no working shown Allow (1) for 167 (N) obtained by 450-200 / 1.5	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
(a)(v)	An explanation to include	ignore any named examples	
	(quantity has) a size and a direction		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number (b)	An explanation which uses conservation of momentum to link three from Mother and daughter have different mass (1) Momentum is conserved / is zero to start with (1) Both have same size momentum (after the push) (1)	An explanation based on Newton's laws and linking three from Each have a different mass (1) Each experience the same size force / action and reaction are equal (1) Each experiences a different	
	so speed of the daughter is greater than that of the mother (1)	acceleration (1) so speed of the daughter is greater than that of the mother (1)	(3)

